

CRYZ Antibody (C-term)

Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab) Catalog # AP21584b

Specification

CRYZ Antibody (C-term) - Product Information

Application WB,E
Primary Accession O08257

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Host Rabbit
Clonality polyclonal
Isotype Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW 35207

CRYZ Antibody (C-term) - Additional Information

Gene ID 1429

Other Names

Quinone oxidoreductase, NADPH:quinone reductase, Zeta-crystallin, CRYZ

Target/Specificity

This CRYZ antibody is generated from a rabbit immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 248-282 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human CRYZ.

Dilution

WB~~1:2000

E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format

Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein A column, followed by peptide affinity purification.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

CRYZ Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CRYZ Antibody (C-term) - Protein Information

Name CRYZ

Function Does not have alcohol dehydrogenase activity. Binds NADP and acts through a one-electron transfer process. Orthoquinones, such as 1,2-naphthoquinone or 9,10-phenanthrenequinone, are the best substrates (in vitro). May act in the detoxification of



xenobiotics. Interacts with (AU)-rich elements (ARE) in the 3'-UTR of target mRNA species. Enhances the stability of mRNA coding for BCL2. NADPH binding interferes with mRNA binding.

Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

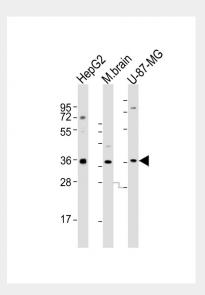
Tissue LocationOnly very low amounts in the lens.

CRYZ Antibody (C-term) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

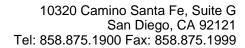
CRYZ Antibody (C-term) - Images



All lanes: Anti-CRYZ Antibody (C-term) at 1:2000 dilution Lane 1: HepG2 whole cell lysates Lane 2: mouse brain lysates Lane 3: U-87-MG whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 35 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

CRYZ Antibody (C-term) - Background

Does not have alcohol dehydrogenase activity. Binds NADP and acts through a one-electron transfer process. Orthoquinones, such as 1,2-naphthoquinone or 9,10-phenanthrenequinone, are the best substrates (in vitro). May act in the detoxification of xenobiotics. Interacts with (AU)-rich elements (ARE) in the 3'-UTR of target mRNA species. Enhances the stability of mRNA coding for BCL2. NADPH binding interferes with mRNA binding.





CRYZ Antibody (C-term) - References

Gonzalez P.,et al.Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 191:902-907(1993). Gonzalez P.,et al.Genomics 21:317-324(1994). Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Suzuki Y.,et al.Submitted (APR-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Bechtel S.,et al.BMC Genomics 8:399-399(2007).